Three new species of *Lyssomanes* Hentz, 1845 from Peru
(Arachnida: Araneae: Salticidae)

With 9 figures

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**Abstract.** Three new species of *Lyssomanes* are described from Peru: *L. euriensis* sp. n., *L. lehtineni* sp. n. and *L. peruensis* sp. n. A new faunistic record of *L. unicolor* (Taczanowski, 1872) in Peru is provided as well.

**Introduction**

According to Prószyński’s (1990) catalogue of the Salticidae, the genus *Lyssomanes* has so far been known to comprise 69 valid species. All these species were carefully (re)described by Galiano (1962, 1980, 1984), with the only additional species being later described by Brignoli (1984). The aim of the present paper is to describe three new *Lyssomanes* species collected by the Finnish Peru expeditions in 1982–1983.

All the types of new species described in this paper are deposited in the Zoological Museum of the Turku University (ZMTU), Turku, Finland. Abbreviations used in the text: ALE – anterior lateral eye, AME – anterior median eye, ap – apical, d – dorsal, Fm – femur, Mt – metatarsus, pr – prolateral, Pt – patella, PLE – posterior lateral eye, PME – posterior median eye, rt – retro-lateral, Tb – tibia, Tr – tarsus, v – ventral. For the leg spination the system adopted is that used by Ono (1989). The sequence of leg segments in measurement data is as follows: femur + patella + tibia + metatarsus + tarsus. All measurements are in mm.

**Survey of species**

*Lyssomanes euriensis* sp. n. (Figs. 3–5)


**Etymology.** The species epithet refers to the locality of the paratype, Euri.

**Diagnosis.** According to the body coloration (Fig. 5) and the peculiar structure of the genitalia (Figs. 3, 4), the new species is most closely related to *Lyssomanes longipes* (Taczanowski, 1872).

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Figs 1–5: Female copulatory organs of *Lyssomanes lehtineni* sp. n. (1–2, female holotype) and *Lyssomanes eurinesis* sp. n. (3–5, the genitalia of the paratype and the general appearance of the holotype): 1, 3 – epigyne, ventral view; 2, 4 – spermathecae, dorsal view; 5 – female body coloration, dorsal view. Scale lines: 0.2 mm (1–4), 1 mm (5).

1872) (see GALIANO 1980: Figs. 1–7), but is well distinguishable from it in having of the much wider separated receptacles and the well-developed, deep epigynal pocket (Fig. 4).

**Distribution.** The type locality only.

**Description.** Female (holotype). Carapace 2.08 long, 1.35 wide, 0.93 high at PLE. Ocular area 1.15 long. Distances between eyes: AME-AME 1.00, ALE-ALE 0.93, PME-PME 0.30, PLE-PLE 0.60. Diameter of AME 0.49. Abdomen 2.88 long, 1.40 wide. Cheliceral length 0.90. Clypeal height 0.08. Length of leg segments: I 2.88+0.83+2.63+2.75+0.75; II 2.33+0.68+1.60+2.05+0.60; III 2.05+0.55+1.90+2.28+0.73; IV 2.23+0.53+2.03+2.95+0.60. Leg spination: I: d 1-1-1, pr 0-1, v 0-2-2-0; Pt d 1 ap; Tb v 5 pairs; Mt v 6 pairs. II: Fm d 1-1-1, v 0-2-2-0; Pt d 1 ap; Tb v 5 pairs; Mt v 5 pairs. III and IV: Fm d 1-1-1; Pt d 1 ap; Tb and Mt without spines. Coloration in alcohol. Carapace yellow, tinged with brown. Black around eyes (Fig. 5). Abdomen: dorsum with grey-brown color-markings as in Fig. 5; venter yellow. Book-lung covers and spinnerets yellow. All legs and palpi yellow. Epigyne and spermathecae as in Figs. 3, 4.

**Lyssomanes lehtineni** sp. n. (Figs. 1, 2)

**Material.** Female holotype (ZMTU), Peru, Loreto, Iquitos Distr., Rio Nanay, Playa Santa Rita, litter of inundation forest, 14.VIII.1983, leg. P. T. LEHTINEN.

**Etymology.** The species is named in honour of the famous Finnish arachnologist, Dr. Pekka T. LEHTINEN, the collector of this species.

**Diagnosis.** According to the genitalic structure, i.e. the epigynal plate having a transverse fold ended in both sides by the copulatory openings (Fig. 1), the new species is most close to *Lyssomanes jucari* GALIANO, 1984, *L. santarem GALIANO*, 1984 and *L. taczanowskii* GALIANO, 1980 (see GALIANO 1980: Figs. 41, 45; 1984: Figs. 27–28, 33–34), but is well distinguishable
from all them by the larger and elongated (not rounded) receptacles and the longest and thinnest insemination ducts (Fig. 2).

**Distribution.** The type locality only.

**Description.** Female (holotype). Carapace 2.75 long, 1.93 wide, 1.50 high at PLE. Ocular area 1.50 long. Distances between eyes: AME-AME 1.23, ALE-ALE 1.28, PME-PME 0.68, PLE-PLE 0.95. Diameter of AME 0.63. Abdomen 4.50 long, 2.13 wide. Cheliceral length 1.00. Clypeal height 0.25. Length of leg segments: I 3.38+1.20+3.15+3.00+0.73; II 3.10+1.10+2.78+2.83+0.73; III 2.73+0.83+2.58+3.08+0.78; IV 2.98+0.78+2.70+3.48+0.75. Leg spination: I: d 1-1-1, pr and rt 0-0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb d, pr and rt 0-1, v 4 pairs; Mt pr and rt 1-0, v 4 pairs. II: Fm d 0-1-1-1, pr and rt 0-0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb d 1-1, pr and rt 0-1, v 4 pairs; Mt pr and rt 1-0, v 3 pairs. III: Fm d 0-1-1-1, pr and rt 0-0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb d 1-1, pr and rt 1-1, v 0-2; Mt pr and rt 1-1-1, v 2-0. IV: Fm d 0-1-1-1, pr and rt 0-0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb d 1-1, pr and rt 1-1, v 0-2; Mt pr and rt 1-1-1, v 2-0. IV: Fm d 0-1-1-1, pr and rt 0-0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb d 1-1, pr and rt 1-1, v 0-2; Mt pr and rt 1-1, v 2-0. Coloration in alcohol. All the body, including all legs and palpi, yellow. Black around eyes, except for AME (yellow). Epigyne and spermathecae as in Figs. 1, 2.

**Lyssomanes peruensis** sp. n. (Figs. 6–9)

**Material.** Holotype male (ZMTU, partly damaged, with the only right palp), Peru, Madre de Dios, 7.X-25.XI.1982, (collector unknown).

**Etymology.** The species epithet refers to the type locality.

**Diagnosis.** The new species is very closely related to *Lyssomanes yacui* Galgano, 1984 and *L. temperatus* Galgano, 1980 (see Galgano 1980: Figs. 141–144; 1984: Figs. 20–23, 29–30), but can be distinguished by the visibly longer and bent embolus (Figs. 7, 8) and the swollen tegulum as seen from lateral view (Fig. 6).

**Distribution.** The type locality only.

**Description.** Male (holotype). Carapace 2.25 long, 1.65 wide, 1.28 high at PLE. Ocular area 1.28 long. Distances between eyes: AME-AME 1.08, ALE-ALE 1.25, PME-PME 0.78, PLE-PLE 0.88. Diameter of AME 0.53. Abdomen 2.90 long, 1.00 wide. Cheliceral length 0.80. Clypeal height 0.25. Length of leg segments: I 2.40+0.88 (Tb, Mt and Tr absent); II 2.18+0.78+2.03+2.03+0.65; III 2.25+0.70+1.88+2.15+0.70; leg IV absent. Leg spination: I: Fm d 1-1-1, pr and rt 0-0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb, Mt and Tr absent. II: Fm d 1-1-1, pr and rt 0-0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb d 1-1, pr and rt 1-1, v 2-0-2-2; Mt pr and rt 1-0, v 2-2-2. III: Fm d 1-1-1, pr and rt 0-1-1; Pt d 1ap; Tb d 0-1, pr and rt 1-1, v 0-2; Mt pr and rt 1-0, v 2-2-2. Leg IV absent. Coloration in alcohol: Carapace yellow, with a brown longitudinal median band and brown margins (Fig. 9). Black around eyes, except for AME (yellow). Abdomen: dorsum yellow with brown color-markings as in Fig. 9; venter yellow. Spinnerets and book-lung covers yellow. All legs completely yellow. Palpal structure as in Figs. 6–8.

**Lyssomanes unicolor** (Taczanowski, 1872)


**Notes.** This is a rather common Neotropic species so far reported from Mexico, Brazil, Guyana, Panama and Peru (Prószynski, 1990). For its reseduction and diagnostic figures see Galgano (1962: Figs. 1–3, 1980: Figs. 90–91).
Figs. 6–9: Male copulatory organs and general appearance of *Lyssomanes peruensis* sp. n.:  
6 – male palp, lateral view; 7 – ditto, ventral view; 8 – ditto, median view;  
9 – male body coloration. Scale lines: 0.2 mm (6–8), 1 mm (9).

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**References**


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